# TEAM

### **Techniques for Effective Alcohol Management**

### Participant Level One Wisconsin Certification Exam

### 1. Employees can use Signs of Impairment to:

- A. Identify a quest's personality
- B. Inform guests about the right way to behave while in the facility
- C. Assess levels of impairment in guests due to alcohol consumption
- D. Determine how quickly a guest is absorbing alcohol

### 2. A guest who is unable to sit up in their seat is showing the following Sign of Impairment:

- A. Lowered Inhibitions
- B. Poor Judgment
- C. Slowed Reactions
- D. Poor Coordination
- E. High Tolerance

### 3. Which of the following statements is usually true?

- A. The more alcohol consumed, the fewer Signs of Impairment can be seen
- B. The more alcohol consumed, the more Signs of Impairment can be seen
- C. There is no correlation between alcohol consumption and Signs of Impairment
- D. Signs of Impairment can always be seen whenever any alcohol is consumed

## 4. A guest with high tolerance can still be legally intoxicated even if an employee sees no visible Signs of Impairment.

- A. True
- B. False

#### 5. Tolerance has the following effect on intoxication:

- A. High tolerance causes intoxication faster
- B. High tolerance causes intoxication slower
- C. Tolerance has no effect on intoxication
- D. Low tolerance causes intoxication faster
- E. Low tolerance causes intoxication slower

### 6. Absorption Rate Factors help an employee understand:

- A. Different things about guests that affect the absorption rate of alcohol
- B. How alcohol is absorbed without being consumed
- C. The best approach to take when approaching an underage guest attempting to consume alcohol
- D. What behaviors to look for to assess levels of impairment in guests

### 7. Which of the following is <u>not</u> an Absorption Rate Factor?

- A. The speed at which a guest is drinking alcohol
- B. The current temperature that day
- C. The amount of food a guest consumes
- D. Whether a guest is male or female
- E. The age of the guest

### 8. Absorption Rate Factors influence how quickly a guest's BAC may rise.

- A. True
- B. False

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- 9. Which type of alcohol will not usually cause intoxication when guests consume it?
  - A. Beer
  - B. Wine
  - C. Champagne
  - D. Liquor
  - E. None- all types of alcohol can cause intoxication
- 10. Which of the following statements is most accurate?
  - A. Alcohol affects every guest exactly the same every time they consume it
  - B. Alcohol affects every guest differently every time they consume it
  - C. Alcohol affects guests differently depending on the type of drink (beer, wine, hard liquor) they consume
  - D. Alcohol affects everyone exactly the same
- 11. What is the legal expectation for employees with regard to alcohol service in the facility?
  - A. Prevent as much alcohol consumption as possible
  - B. Make a Reasonable Effort to prevent alcohol-related problems
  - C. Only intervene if the employee works in an area that provides guests with alcohol
  - D. There is no legal expectation for employees
- 12. An underage guest may consume alcohol as long as a guest who is at least 21 years old purchases it.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 13. Servers/Sellers can be held liable under Dram Shop Liability laws and all employees can be held liable under Common Negligence laws.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 14. Employees can only be held liable for alcohol-related incidents if they actually poured the alcohol.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 15. Which of the following would NOT be considered a Reasonable Effort by an employee?
  - A. Removing an alcohol beverage from an impaired guest
  - B. Calling Security when an underage guest attempts to obtain alcohol
  - C. Documenting an alcohol-related incident in the facility
  - D. Refusing to allow a guest to purchase more alcohol due to intoxication
  - E. Allowing an underage friend of the employee to consume alcohol at the facility
- 16. Documentation of alcohol-related incidents helps employees and facilities because:
  - A. Documentation of an incident guarantees that the facility and employee cannot be sued
  - B. Without documentation, the facility and employees involved are automatically found guilty of any charges
  - C. Documentation provides records of profits from alcohol sales to justify a liquor license
  - D. Documentation helps the facility and management track trends in alcohol-related problems and make the necessary policy changes
  - E. Documentation gives employees an opportunity to make-up reasonable efforts that were used if a legal problem arises

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## 17. Which of the following are important pieces of information to include on an Incident Report Form?

- A. Names of guests and employees involved
- B. Date, time and location of incident
- C. Reasonable efforts made to prevent the problem or incident
- D. List of any witnesses to the incident
- E. All of the above

## 18. All of the following are examples of appropriate responses for employees to use with guests except:

- A. Inform the guest that he or she is intoxicated and will automatically be ejected from the facility
- B. Ask other members of the guest's party to assist in keeping the guest safe and prevent any further alcohol consumption
- C. Approach the guest with a pleasant, positive attitude at all times
- D. Suggest a non-alcohol beverage or food for an impaired guest
- E. Initiate a conversation with an underage guest attempting to obtain alcohol to explain the policy of the facility and the state law

## 19. It is the guest's responsibility to monitor their own alcohol consumption; employees are not responsible for ensuring responsible alcohol use at the facility.

- A. True
- B. False

### 20. All employees have a vested interest in helping the facility manage alcohol service because:

- A. It will create a safer environment for guests and employees
- B. If the facility loses its liquor license, many employees may lose their jobs
- C. A reputation for drunken guests and irresponsible alcohol consumption can hurt business for the facility and therefore income for the employees
- D. Legally, an employee who could have prevented an alcohol-related incident and didn't can be found legally liable along with the facility
- E. All of the above

### 21. What are the legal drinking ages in Wisconsin for beer, wine, and spirits?

- A. 18, 19, and 21
- B. 21 for all alcohol beverages
- C. 18, 21, and 21
- D. None of the above

### 22. Licensees may be prosecuted for not having the required supervision of employees on their premises.

- A. True
- B. False

## 23. The Wisconsin driver's license number "J525-7225-2831-01" indicates that the holder of that license:

- A. was born in 1957
- B. is a male
- C. is a female
- D. is 5'7" tall

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- 24. In Wisconsin, a person is in violation of the law if he or she possesses:
  - A. An expired Wisconsin driver's license
  - B. An out-of-state identification card
  - C. An altered identification card
  - D. All of the above
- 25. For how long must a licensee keep invoices for all purchases of liquor and beer on the licensed premises?
  - A. 30 days
  - B. 6 monthsC. 2 years

  - D. 5 years
- 26. No person under the age of 18 may sell or serve alcohol beverages.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 27. What age does a person have to be to purchase tobacco or cigarette products?

  - B. 16
  - C. 18
  - D. 21
- 28. It is illegal to sell individual cigarettes.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 29. A minor may not possess cigarettes or tobacco products during working hours even when employed by a licensed retailer.
  - A. True
  - B. False